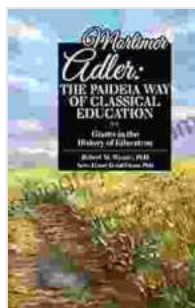


The Paideia Way: Giants in the History of Classical Education

The Paideia Way is a classical education approach that emphasizes the study of the great works of literature, history, and philosophy. This approach to education has been around for centuries, and it has been used to educate some of the most influential people in Western history.

The Paideia Way originated in ancient Greece, where the term "paideia" referred to the education of a free citizen. This education was designed to develop the mind and character of the individual, and it was considered essential for a person to live a fulfilling life.

The Paideia Way was later adopted by the Romans, who used it to educate their own citizens. The Romans added a strong emphasis on rhetoric and oratory to the Paideia curriculum, and they also began to use Latin as the language of instruction.



Mortimer Adler: The Paideia Way of Classical Education (Giants in the History of Education)

★★★★☆ 4.7 out of 5

Language : English
File size : 5304 KB
Text-to-Speech : Enabled
Screen Reader : Supported
Enhanced typesetting : Enabled
Word Wise : Enabled
Print length : 92 pages
Lending : Enabled



The Paideia Way continued to be used in the Middle Ages, but it was gradually replaced by a more narrow and specialized approach to education. This new approach focused on the study of the seven liberal arts: grammar, rhetoric, logic, arithmetic, geometry, astronomy, and music.

The seven liberal arts were considered to be the foundation of a well-rounded education, and they were used to prepare students for a variety of careers. However, this new approach to education did not have the same emphasis on the development of the mind and character as the Paideia Way.

The Paideia Way was revived during the Renaissance, when scholars began to rediscover the works of the ancient Greek and Roman authors. These scholars argued that the Paideia Way was the best way to educate the leaders of the future, and they began to incorporate its principles into their own teaching.

The Paideia Way became the dominant approach to education in Europe during the Renaissance, and it continued to be used until the late 17th century. However, it was gradually replaced by a more modern approach to education, which focused on the study of science and mathematics.

The Paideia Way has continued to be used in a variety of educational settings over the centuries. In recent years, there has been a renewed interest in the Paideia Way, and it is now being used in a number of schools and colleges around the world.

The Paideia Way is a valuable approach to education because it emphasizes the development of the whole person. It teaches students to think critically, to communicate effectively, and to live a virtuous life. The Paideia Way has produced some of the most influential people in Western history, and it continues to be a relevant and important approach to education today.

There have been many giants in the history of the Paideia Way. These individuals have made significant contributions to the development and dissemination of this approach to education.

- **Plato** (428-348 BC) was one of the most influential philosophers in Western history. He founded the Academy in Athens, which was one of the first institutions of higher learning in the world. Plato's philosophy emphasized the importance of education, and he believed that the goal of education was to develop the mind and character of the individual.
- **Aristotle** (384-322 BC) was another influential philosopher who made significant contributions to the Paideia Way. He was a student of Plato, and he later founded his own school, the Lyceum. Aristotle's philosophy emphasized the importance of logic and reason, and he believed that education should be based on the study of the great works of literature, history, and philosophy.
- **Cicero** (106-43 BC) was a Roman statesman and orator who was one of the most influential figures in the history of the Paideia Way. He was a student of the Greek philosophers, and he believed that the Paideia Way was the best way to educate the leaders of the future. Cicero

wrote extensively about education, and his writings had a major impact on the development of educational thought in the West.

- **Quintilian** (35-96 AD) was a Roman rhetorician who wrote one of the most influential works on education in the ancient world, the "Institutio Oratoria." Quintilian's work emphasized the importance of a well-rounded education, and he believed that the Paideia Way was the best way to achieve this goal.
- **Erasmus** (1466-1536) was a Dutch humanist who was one of the most influential figures in the Renaissance. He was a proponent of the Paideia Way, and he believed that education should be based on the study of the great works of literature, history, and philosophy. Erasmus wrote extensively about education, and his writings had a major impact on the development of educational thought in the West.

These are just a few of the many giants who have contributed to the history of the Paideia Way. These individuals have helped to shape this approach to education, and they continue to inspire educators today.

The Paideia Way is a classical education approach that has been used to educate some of the most influential people in Western history. This approach to education emphasizes the development of the whole person, and it teaches students to think critically, to communicate effectively, and to live a virtuous life. The Paideia Way is a valuable approach to education, and it continues to be relevant and important today.

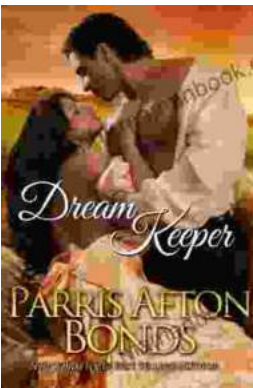
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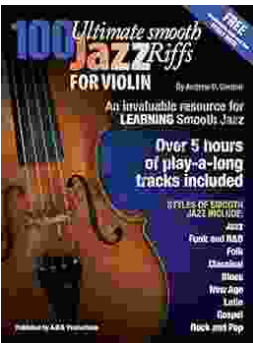


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