The History of China in 50 Events

China has a long and rich history, dating back over 5,000 years. Over the centuries, China has seen the rise and fall of empires, the development of major philosophies and religions, and the creation of some of the world's most important works of art and literature.

In this article, we will take a look at 50 of the most important events in Chinese history. These events have shaped the country's political, economic, and cultural development, and they continue to have an impact on China today.

- 1. **c. 1600 BCE:** The Xia dynasty is traditionally considered to be the first dynasty of China.
- 2. **c. 1046 BCE:** The Shang dynasty begins. The Shang are the first Chinese dynasty to leave behind written records.
- 3. **c. 771 BCE:** The Zhou dynasty begins. The Zhou dynasty is the longest-lasting dynasty in Chinese history.
- 4. **551 BCE:** Confucius is born. Confucius is one of the most important philosophers in Chinese history.
- 221 BCE: Qin Shi Huang unifies China and establishes the Qin dynasty.
- 6. **206 BCE:** The Han dynasty begins. The Han dynasty is one of the most prosperous and powerful periods in Chinese history.
- 7. **9 CE:** Wang Mang usurps the throne and establishes the Xin dynasty.

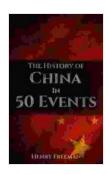
- 8. **25 CE:** The Han dynasty is restored.
- 9. **184 CE:** The Yellow Turban Rebellion begins. The Yellow Turban Rebellion is a major uprising against the Han dynasty.
- 220 CE: The Han dynasty collapses and the Three Kingdoms period begins.
 - 1. **581 CE:** The Sui dynasty is established. The Sui dynasty reunifies China after the Three Kingdoms period.
- 2. **618 CE:** The Tang dynasty begins. The Tang dynasty is considered to be one of the golden ages of Chinese history.
- 3. **755 CE:** The An Lushan Rebellion begins. The An Lushan Rebellion is a major uprising against the Tang dynasty.
- 4. **907 CE:** The Tang dynasty collapses and the Five Dynasties and Ten Kingdoms period begins.
- 5. **960 CE:** The Song dynasty begins. The Song dynasty is a period of economic and cultural prosperity.
- 6. **1127 CE:** The Jurchen invade China and establish the Jin dynasty in the north.
- 7. **1279 CE:** The Mongols invade China and establish the Yuan dynasty.
- 8. **1368 CE:** The Yuan dynasty collapses and the Ming dynasty begins.
- 1. **1405 CE:** Zheng He leads the first of seven major maritime expeditions. Zheng He's expeditions reach as far as Africa.
- 2. **1514 CE:** The Portuguese arrive in China. The Portuguese are the first Europeans to establish trade relations with China.

- 3. **1644 CE:** The Ming dynasty collapses and the Qing dynasty begins.
- 4. **1793 CE:** The British embassy to China fails. The embassy is a major diplomatic failure for the British.
- 5. **1839 CE:** The First Opium War begins. The First Opium War is a conflict between China and Great Britain over the opium trade.
- 6. **1842 CE:** The Treaty of Nanking ends the First Opium War. The treaty gives Great Britain control over Hong Kong.
- 7. **1850 CE:** The Taiping Rebellion begins. The Taiping Rebellion is a major uprising against the Qing dynasty.
- 8. **1860 CE:** The Second Opium War begins. The Second Opium War is a conflict between China and Great Britain and France.
- 9. **1894 CE:** The First Sino-Japanese War begins. The First Sino-Japanese War is a conflict between China and Japan over Korea.
- 10. **1898 CE:** The Hundred Days' Reform is launched. The Hundred Days' Reform is an attempt to modernize China.
- 11. **1900 CE:** The Boxer Rebellion begins. The Boxer Rebellion is an uprising against foreign influence in China.
 - 1911 CE: The Xinhai Revolution begins. The Xinhai Revolution is a revolution that overthrows the Qing dynasty and establishes the Republic of China.
- 2. **1912 CE:** The Republic of China is founded.
- 1915 CE: The May Fourth Movement begins. The May Fourth
 Movement is a student-led movement that calls for modernization and
 democracy in China.

- 4. **1921 CE:** The Chinese Communist Party is founded.
- 5. **1927 CE:** The Chinese Civil War begins. The Chinese Civil War is a conflict between the Kuomintang and the Communist Party.
- 6. **1937 CE:** The Second Sino-Japanese War begins. The Second Sino-Japanese War is a conflict between China and Japan.
- 7. **1945 CE:** The Second Sino-Japanese War ends.
- 8. **1949 CE:** The Chinese Communist Party wins the Chinese Civil War and establishes the People's Republic of China.
- 9. **1958 CE:** The Great Leap Forward begins. The Great Leap Forward is a disastrous economic campaign that results in the deaths of millions of people.
- 10. **1966 CE:** The Cultural Revolution begins. The Cultural Revolution is a political campaign that results in the persecution of millions of people.
- 11. **1976 CE:** Mao Zedong dies. Mao Zedong is the founder of the People's Republic of China.
- 12. **1978 CE:** Deng Xiaoping launches the Reform and Opening Up policy. The Reform and Opening Up policy is a series of economic reforms that lead to rapid economic growth.
- 13. **1989 CE:** The Tiananmen Square protests begin. The Tiananmen Square protests are a student-led movement that calls for democracy in China.
- 14. **1997 CE:** Hong Kong is returned to China. Hong Kong is a former British colony.

- 15. **2001 CE:** China joins the World Trade Organization. The World Trade Organization is an intergovernmental organization that promotes free trade.
- 16. **2008 CE:** The Beijing Olympics are held. The Beijing Olympics are the first Olympic Games to be held in China.
- 17. **2013 CE:** Xi Jinping becomes president of China. Xi Jinping is the current president of China.

China has a long and rich history, full of both triumphs and tragedies. The events described in this article have shaped the country into what it is today. As China continues to grow and develop, it is important to remember the lessons of the past and to look forward to the challenges and opportunities that the future holds.

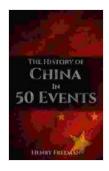


The History of China in 50 Events: (Opium Wars - Marco Polo - Sun Tzu - Confucius - Forbidden City - Terracotta Army - Boxer Rebellion) (History by Country Timeline

Book 2) by Henry Freeman

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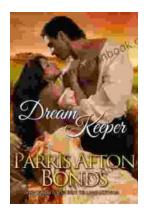
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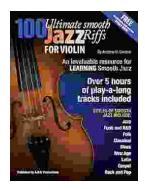


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