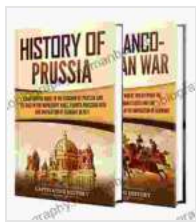


Captivating Guide To The History Of Prussia And Franco Prussian War

The history of Prussia and the Franco Prussian War is a complex and fascinating one. Prussia, a relatively small and insignificant kingdom in the 18th century, rose to become one of the most powerful states in Europe by the mid-19th century.



Prussia: A Captivating Guide to the History of Prussia and Franco-Prussian War by Captivating History

★★★★☆ 4.4 out of 5

Language	: English
File size	: 39889 KB
Text-to-Speech	: Enabled
Screen Reader	: Supported
Enhanced typesetting	: Enabled
Word Wise	: Enabled
Print length	: 237 pages
Lending	: Enabled
Paperback	: 128 pages
Reading age	: 8 - 12 years
Item Weight	: 4.8 ounces
Dimensions	: 5.25 x 0.5 x 7.5 inches



This rise was due in large part to the efforts of Otto Von Bismarck, who served as Prussia's chancellor from 1862 to 1890. Bismarck was a brilliant diplomat and strategist who played a key role in unifying Germany and defeating France in the Franco Prussian War.

The Franco Prussian War was a short but decisive conflict that lasted from July 1870 to January 1871. The war began after France declared war on Prussia in response to the Hohenzollern candidacy for the Spanish throne. Prussia, with its superior military organization and leadership, quickly defeated France and captured Napoleon III at the Battle of Sedan.

The war had a profound impact on Europe. It led to the unification of Germany under Prussian leadership and the establishment of the German Empire. It also resulted in the loss of Alsace Lorraine to France and the decline of French power in Europe.

The Rise of Prussia

Prussia was founded in the 13th century as a small principality in the Holy Roman Empire. Over the centuries, Prussia gradually expanded its territory through a combination of conquest and diplomacy.

In the 18th century, Prussia emerged as a major European power under the leadership of Frederick the Great. Frederick was a brilliant military commander who led Prussia to victory in the Seven Years' War (1756-1763).

Frederick's successors continued to expand Prussia's territory and power. In 1815, Prussia was one of the four great powers that defeated Napoleon at the Battle of Waterloo.

Otto Von Bismarck

Otto Von Bismarck was born in 1815 in Schönhausen, Prussia. He studied law and entered politics in the 1840s. Bismarck was a conservative who believed in the power of the state.

In 1862, Bismarck became Prussia's chancellor. He immediately set about reforming Prussia's military and 外交政策. Bismarck's goal was to unify Germany under Prussian leadership.

Bismarck was a master diplomat. He skillfully isolated France and provoked it into declaring war on Prussia in 1870. The Franco Prussian War was a decisive victory for Prussia and led to the unification of Germany.

The Franco Prussian War

The Franco Prussian War began on July 19, 1870, when France declared war on Prussia. The war was sparked by the Hohenzollern candidacy for the Spanish throne.

France was confident of victory. It had a larger population and army than Prussia. However, Prussia had a superior military organization and leadership.

The war began with a series of Prussian victories. The Prussians defeated the French at the battles of Wissembourg, Wörth, and Spicheren.

On September 1, 1870, the Prussians surrounded the French army at the Battle of Sedan. Napoleon III was captured and the French army surrendered.

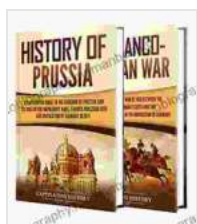
The Franco Prussian War ended with the signing of the Treaty of Frankfurt on May 10, 1871. The treaty gave Alsace Lorraine to Germany and imposed a heavy indemnity on France.

The Impact of the Franco Prussian War

The Franco Prussian War had a profound impact on Europe. It led to the unification of Germany under Prussian leadership and the establishment of the German Empire.

The war also resulted in the loss of Alsace Lorraine to France and the decline of French power in Europe. The war also led to a period of increased nationalism in Europe, which contributed to the outbreak of World War I.

The history of Prussia and the Franco Prussian War is a complex and fascinating one. It is a story of rise and fall, war and diplomacy, and the impact of one man on the course of history.



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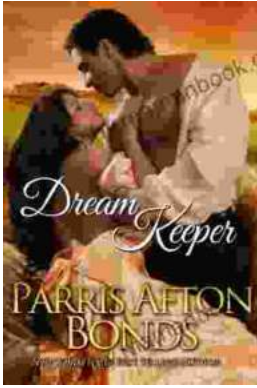
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